

Theo Scheffers



OELV compliance decisions & the EN689 preliminary test

NYF Vårkonferanse Oslo 21 April 2022



The CEN TC 137 / WG1 (2014-2018)

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 689:2018+AC

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2019

ICS 13.040.30

Supersedes EN 689:2018

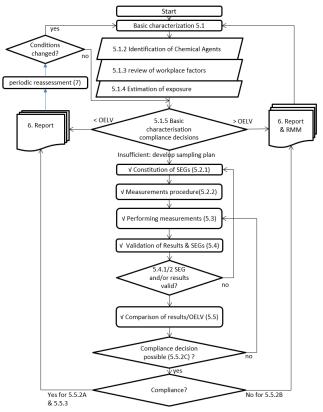
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Aims

EN689 Introduction

- High degree of confidence C≤OELV
- Dealing with exposure variability
- use a small number of measurements
- Cost effective



Compliance testing EN689

- 1. Basic characterisation §5.1.4
- 2. Preliminary test § 5.5.2 / Statistische test §5.5.3

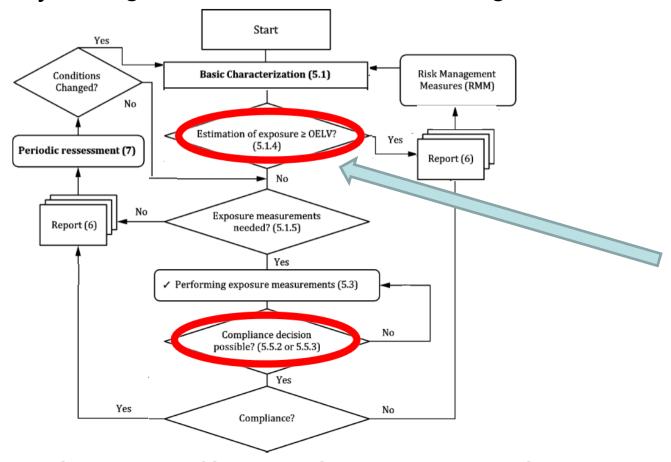


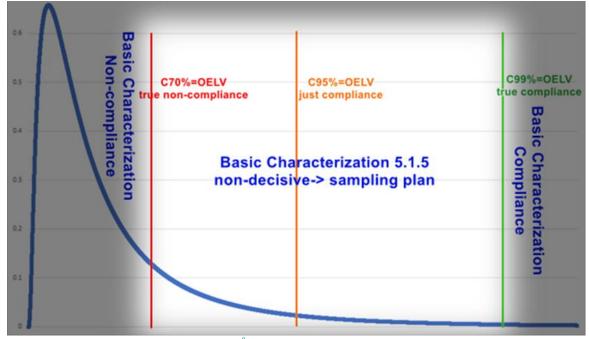
Figure 1 —Schematic overview of the occupational exposure assessment procedures



When to develop a EN 689 5.2 sampling strategy?

5.1.5 basic characterization

Exposure is well below the OELV	Compliance
Exposure is higher than the OELV	Non-compliance
No decision	Sampling plan





Compliance testing with measurements

5.5.2 preliminary test N=3, 4 & 5

$C_{\text{max}} \le \text{fr}(\text{OELV})$	Compliance
C _{max} > OELV	Non-compliance
$fr(OELV) < C_{max} \le OELV$	No decision⇒more
	measurements

5.5.3 statistical test N≥2

C _{95,70%} ≤OELV	Compliance
? (Annex F)	Non-compliance

«It is therefore outside the scope ... to use [5.5.3] to measure non-compliance»



Live voting

- 1. Who performs 3 to 5 measurements within a SEG or exposure profile?
 - 1. If YES, next question #2
 - 2. If NO wait for question #3
- 2. If YES, which compliance test do you use?
 - 1. preliminary test (EN689:2018 § 5.5.2)?
 - 2. statistical test $C_{95,70\%}$ (EN689:2018 § 5.5.3)?
 - 3. both
 - 4. otherwise
- 3. If NO, why not?
 - 1. I'm using only the basic characterisation (models, databases, 1 or 2 measurements etc.) § 5.1.5
 - 2. I always take at least 6 measurements
 - 3. Otherwise



Live voting (2)

Is preliminary test more reliable than the statistical test for 3 to 5 measurements?

- 1. Yes, as it is the general line in Europe
- 2. No, as the variability of exposure is not taken into account
- 3. otherwise
- 4. No idea!



1st Inhalable dust measurement OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM G	SSD	C _{95,70%}	Statistical test 5.5.3 Compliance if C _{X≥95,70%} =OELV X=
0.76	15.2%						

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2nd consecutive Inhalable dust measurement OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM GSD	C _{95,70%}		test 5.5.3 C _{X≥95,70%} =OELV
0.76	15.2%						
1.52	30.4%		unknown	1.07 1.63	8.49	88.99%	C _{95,70%} >OELV

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3th consecutive Inhalable dust measurement OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM GSD	C _{95,70%}	Statistical Compliance if X=	test 5.5.3 C _{X≥95,70%} =OELV
0.76	15.2%						
1.52	30.4%		_				
0.81	16.2%	no decission	Normal	0.98 1.47	2.87	99.42%	compliance

5.5.2 Preliminary test a) 1)

Compliance if all results are below 0,1 OELV for a set of three exposure measurements



4th consecutive Inhalable dust measurement OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM GSD	C _{95,70%}	Statistical Compliance if X=	
0.76	15.2%						
1.52	30.4%						
0.81	16.2%		_				
0.6	12%	no decission	logNormal	0.87 1.49	2.29	99.87%	compliance

5.5.2 Preliminary test a) 2)

Compliance if all results are below 0,15 OELV for a set of three exposure measurements



5th consecutive Inhalable dust measurements OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM GSD	C _{95,70%}	Statistical test 5 Compliance if C _{X≥95,7} X=	
0.76	15.2%						
1.52	30.4%						
0.81	16.2%						
0.6	12%		_				
0.28	5.6%	no decission	logNormal	0.69 1.84	2.70	99.10% con	npliance

5.5.2 Preliminary test a) 3)

Compliance if all results are below 0,2 OELV for a set of three exposure measurements



6th consecutive Inhalable dust measurement OELV 5 mg/m³/8 hours

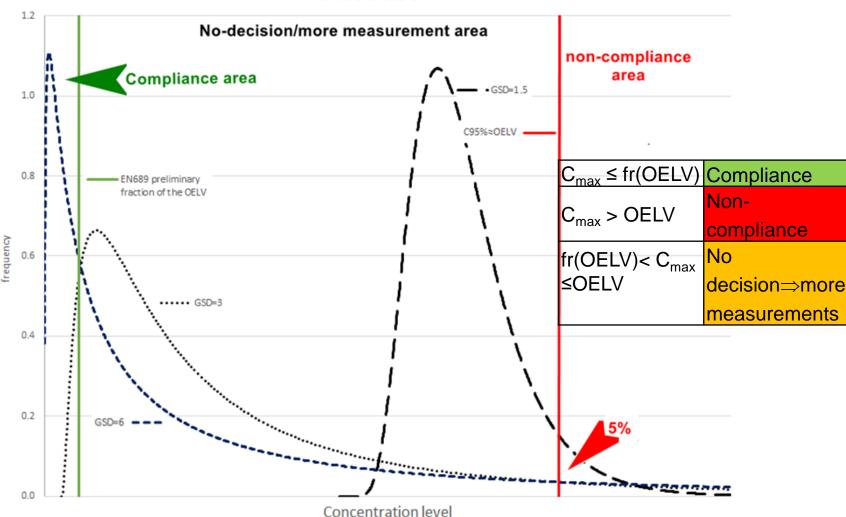
result (mg/m³/8hr)	% OELV	Preliminary test	(log)normal	GM	GSD	C _{95,70%}	Statistical Compliance if X=	
0.76	15.2%							
1.52	30.4%		unknown	1.07	1.63	8.49	88.99%	C _{95,70%} >OELV
0.81	16.2%	no decission	Normal	0.98	1.47	2.87	99.42%	compliance
0.6	12%	no decission	logNormal	0.87	1.49	2.29	99.87%	compliance
0.28	5.6%	no decission	logNormal	0.69	1.84	2.79	99.10%	compliance
0.54	10.8%	-	logNormal	0.66	1.74	2.23	99.70%	compliance

5.5.3 Statistical test ... shall measure, with at least 70 % confidence, whether less than 5 % of exposures in the SEG exceed the OELV (or at least 95% equal to the OELV)



Does the preliminary test performs less?

EN689 preliminary OELV fraction cutoff in 3 lognormal distribution with C_{95%}=OELV (just compliance) and different GSD's





Is the PM test validated?

- No peer review publication
- INRS publication
 (2005) ND2231, not
 specific for the
 fr(OELV) and
 C_{95,70%} used in
 EN689

HST ND 2231 - 200 - 05 **ASPECTS STATISTIQUES** □ Exposition professionnelle ET RÔLE DE □ Produit chimique □ Incertitude ☐ Statistiques L'INCERTITUDE DE ► Michel GRZEBYK, Jean-Paul SANDINO INRS, Département Métrologie des polluants MESURAGE DANS STATISTICAL ASPECTS AND INFLUENCE L'ÉVALUATION DE L'EXPOSITION PROFESSIONNELLE AUX **AGENTS CHIMIQUES**

INRS - Hygiène et sécurité du travail - Cahiers de notes documentaires - 3º trimestre 2005 - 200 / 9



Validation

1. Statistical:

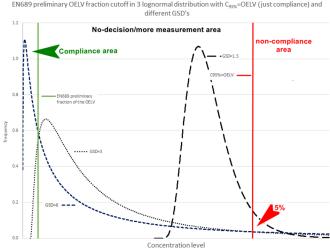
- $P(C \le fr(OELV))^{N=3,4,\& 5}$

2. Monte-Carlo:

10000 samples from a lognormal population distribution

- N=3, 4 & 5
- GSD=1.1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 4, 5, 6, 10 & 14
- C_{99%}, C_{95%} & C_{70%}

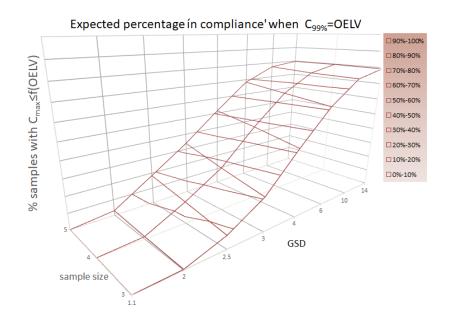
3. Cumulative Binomial for OELV exceedance



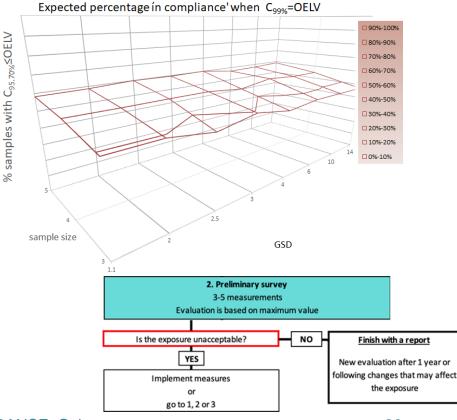


Compliance performance if C_{99%}=OELV

5.5.2 preliminary test



5.5.3 statistical test

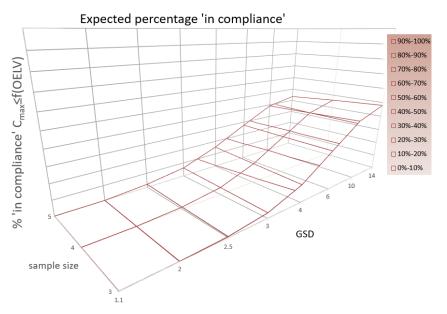




Compliance performance for $C_{95\%}$ =OELV

5.5.2 preliminary test

5.5.3 statistical test



Expected percentage 'in compliance' | 90%-100% | 80%-90% | 70%-80% | 60%-70% | 50%-60% | 40%-50% | 30%-40% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 00%-10% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20% | 10%-20

Is the exposure unacceptable?

YES

Implement measures

go to 1, 2 or 3

Preliminary survey
 3-5 measurements
 Evaluation is based on maximum value

Finish with a report

New evaluation after 1 year or following changes that may affect

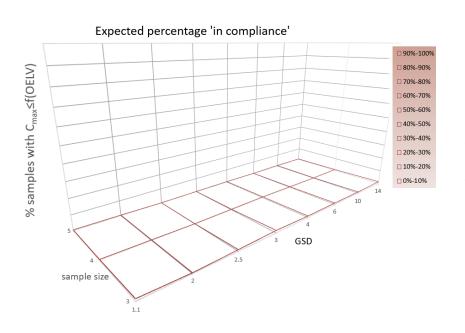
the exposure

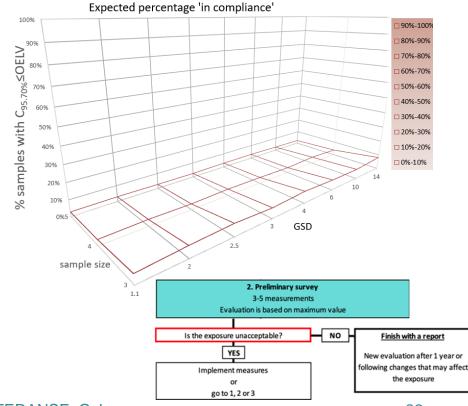


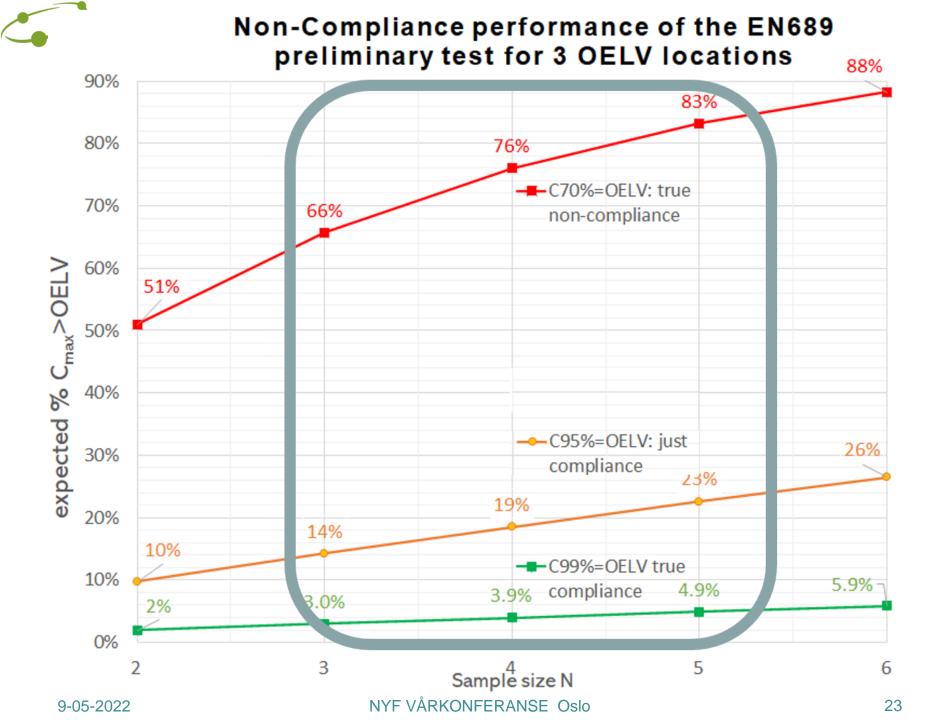
compliance performance if $C_{70\%}$ =OELV

preliminary test (5.5.2 a)

statistical test (5.5.3)

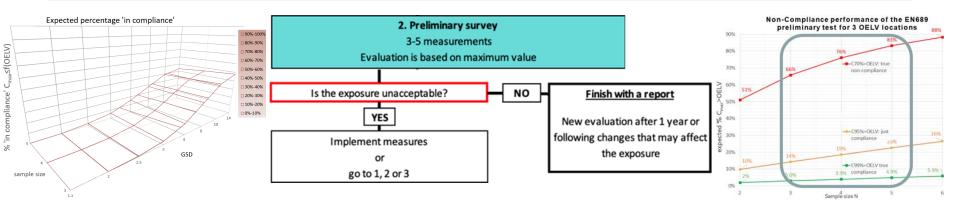








preliminary test performance



Conceptually ignors exposure variability

Non-compliance: not or delayed detected

Compliance: almost never found for GSD<3

In daily practice it's a 'No decision/more measurements' test



Origin preliminary test

- Code travail (2009)
- BOHS-NVvA (2011)

Both use 0.1 OELV for 3,4 & 5 measurements

17 décembre 2009

JOURNAL OFFICIEL DE LA RÉPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE

Texte 35 sur 156

Décrets, arrêtés, circulaires

MINISTÈRE DU TRAVAIL, DES RELATIONS SOCIALES, DE LA FAMILLE, DE LA SOLIDARITÉ ET DE LA VILLE

Arrêté du 15 décembre 2009 relatif aux contrôles techniques des valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle sur les lieux de travail et aux conditions d'accréditation des organismes chargés des contrôles

NOR: MTST0924705A

Testing Compliance with

Occupational Exposure Limits

for Airborne Substances



British Occupational Hygiene Society
Pride Park Derby
DE24 8LZ, UK
www.bohs.org

Originally published September 2011 This edition December 2011



Nederlandse Vereniging voor Arbeidshygiëne Postbus 1762, 5602 BT Eindhoven The Netherlands www.arbeidshygiene.nl/



Why using a decision scheme?

- Obstructions to use statistics in legislation (?)
- Appraisers are insufficient skilled

Inclusion in a EU standard increases its credibility, despite lack of scientific ground

Performance Compliance tests EN689

	Preliminary	Statistical C _{95%} <oelv< th=""></oelv<>
degree of confidence	Varying (N, GSD)	Always 70%
Dealing with exposure variability	No	Yes
Cost effective	No	Yes
Validated	Limited	Yes
Simple (Yes	for appraisers
Worldwide accepted	No	Yes

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Consquences

- Professionals may be held responsible for unnecessary costs and unsafe working conditions when prescribing the test
- Bad reputation EU Industrial Hygiene community



Other omisions in EN689:2018

Non compliance:

Included in the Basic characterisation decision and Preliminary test

- Exposure index §5.5: not defined
- 2. Statistical §5.5.3 not defined

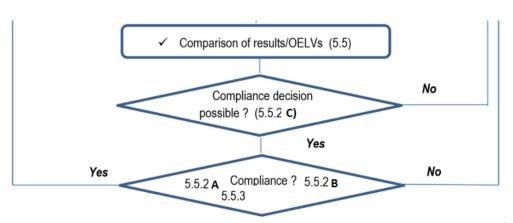


Figure 1 Schematic overview of the occupational exposure assessment procedures 1.



Proposed OELV test improvement

5.1.5 basic characterization

Exposure is well below the OELV	Compliance
Exposure is higher than the OELV	Non-compliance
No decision	Sampling plan

5.5 Exposure Index $I = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{Ei}{OELVi}$

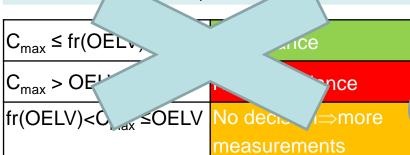
Threat *I* as a concentration and apply 5.5.3

Compliance

Non-compliance

No decision⇒more measurements

5.5.2 preliminary test N=3, 4 & 5

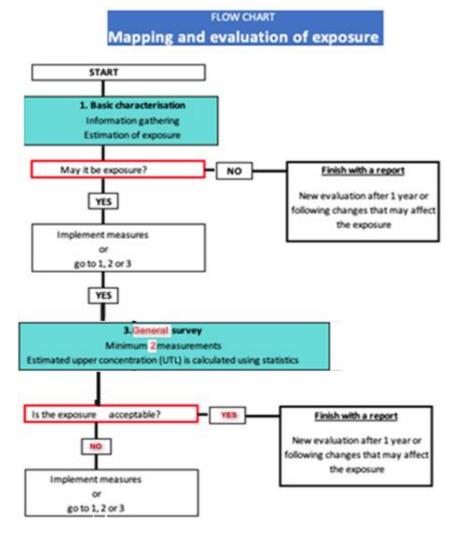


5.5.3 statistical test N≥2

C _{95,70%} ≤OELV	Compliance
C _{95, (ML, 30% or 5%)} >OELV	Non-compliance
C _{95,70%} >OELV≤C _{95, X}	No decision⇒more measurements



- Simplify the NYF low chart as proposed to the right
- Offer it to the EU IH platform
- Make the preliminary test a self-test for employers (if the variability is not too large)





Other EN689 improvements

"I have tried to find textbooks articles etc. that in a IH relevant manner discuss the use and limitations of the "Noncentral-Student distribution with 70% confidence", but without any success."

- Improve concept and priors for Normal test in Annex F (5.4.3 & EN482 table 1)
- Align U_T test in Annex F with the more universal GM*GSD^{^UT} ≤OELV
- Align the exposure pattern in Annex D with the standard and with Annex G (prolonged exposure) $E_d = C_i \times \frac{t}{8}$
- Expand the subgroup analysis (5.4.3) as described in an BOSH-NVvA 2011/BWStat (ANOVA/homoscedasticity)
- Include an annual reassessment using C_{95,70%} ≤OELV to establish the number of measurements

